

سیالات ۱ - حبے جائز درم :

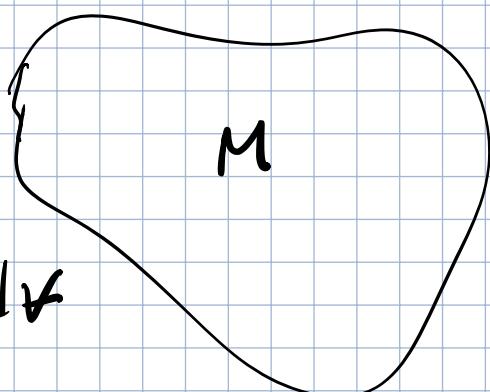
ضروراً سیول حجم نہ رک جو لہلہ دل :

مکانیزم اسی جسم :

- ✓ ماذر و بند
- ✓ ایندرونیک صرفت
- ✓ افع اندر و دست زاویہ
- ✓ ماذر اول تربیتیں
- ✓ درم

Conservation of Mass : ماذر بنا مر

$$\left( \frac{dM}{dt} \right)_{sys} = 0$$



$$M_{sys} = \int_{sys} dm = \int_{t_{sys}} \rho dV$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{d\vec{P}}{dt} \Big|_{sys}$$

ماذر بنا ایندرونیک صرفت حفی (ماذر دم سیول)

$$\rightarrow \vec{P} = \int_{m_{sys}}^{\vec{v}} \vec{F} dm = \int_{t_{sys}}^{\vec{v}} \vec{v} \rho dV$$

The Angular Momentum principle : (الاينارزه المركبة زارع)  $\vec{L} = \int \vec{r} \times \vec{v} dm$

$$\vec{T} = \frac{d\vec{H}}{dt} \Big|_{sys}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{H} &= \int_{m_{sys}} \vec{r} \times \vec{v} dm \\ &= \int_{\tau_{sys}} \vec{r} \times \vec{v} \rightarrow d\tau \end{aligned}$$

قانون اول ترموديناميك (Law of Thermodynamics):

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{W} = \frac{dE}{dt} \Big|_{sys}$$

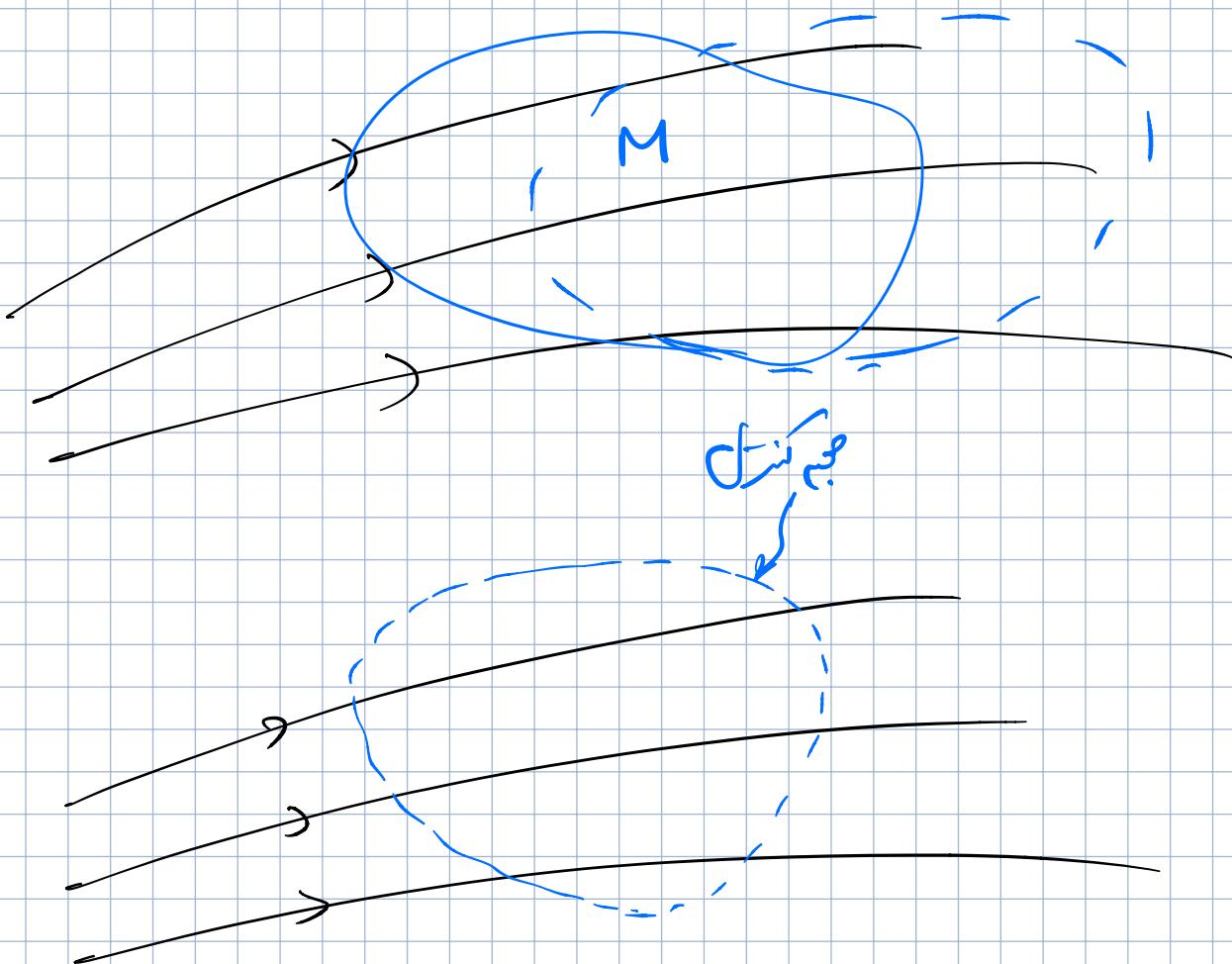
$$E = \int_{m_{sys}} e dm = \int_{\tau_{sys}} e \rightarrow d\tau$$

$$e = u + \frac{v^2}{2} + gz$$

قانون اول ترموديناميك (Law of Thermodynamics):

$$\frac{ds}{dt} \Big|_{sys} \geq \frac{\dot{Q}}{T}$$

$$s = \int_{m_{sys}} s dm = \int_{\tau_{sys}} s \rightarrow d\tau$$

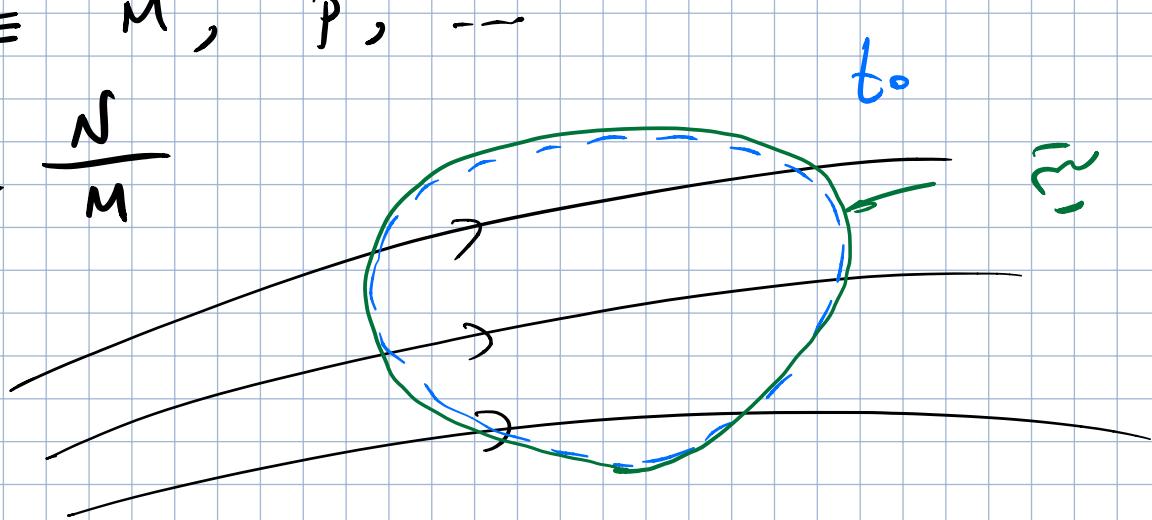


Reynolds Transport Theorem (RTT) :

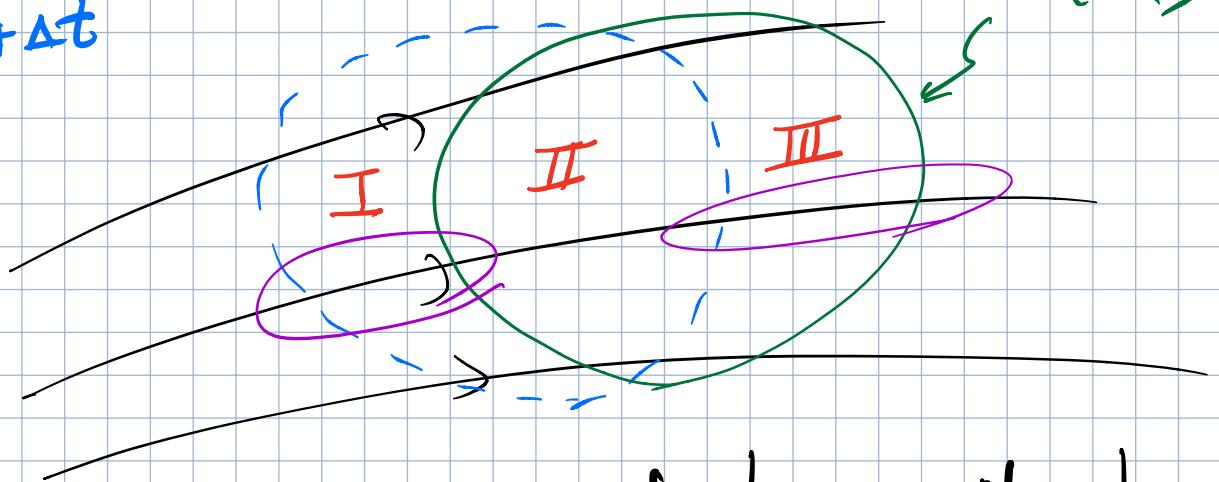
$$\frac{dM}{dt} \Big)_{sys} = \frac{d\vec{P}}{dt} \Big)_{sys} + \frac{d\vec{H}}{dt} \Big)_{sys} + \frac{dE}{dt} \Big)_{sys} - \frac{ds}{dt} \Big)_{sys}$$

$$N \equiv M, \vec{P}, \dots$$

$$\eta = \frac{N}{M}$$



$t_0 + \Delta t$



$$\rightarrow \left. \frac{dN}{dt} \right|_{sys} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{N_{sys}|_{t_0 + \Delta t} - N_{sys}|_{t_0}}{\Delta t}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left. N_s \right|_{t_0 + \Delta t} &= (N_{II} + N_{III})|_{t_0 + \Delta t} \\ &= (N_{ext} - N_I + N_{II})|_{t_0 + \Delta t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \left. N_s \right|_{t_0} = N_{ext}|_{t_0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow \left. N_s \right|_{t_0 + \Delta t} &= \left[ \int_{ext}^{\gamma s dt} \right]_{t_0}^{t_0 + \Delta t} - \left[ \int_{I}^{\gamma s dt} \right]_{t_0}^{t_0 + \Delta t} \\ &\quad + \left[ \int_{III}^{\gamma s dt} \right]_{t_0}^{t_0 + \Delta t} \end{aligned}$$

$\underbrace{N_{ext}}$   
 $\underbrace{N_I}$   
 $\underbrace{N_{III}}$

$$\left. \frac{dN}{dt} \right|_{sys} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left[ \int_{C\#} \eta_S d\tau \right]_{t_0 + \Delta t} - \left[ \int_{C\#} \eta_S d\tau \right]_{t_0}}{\Delta t}$$

$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{---} \quad (1)$$

$$+ \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left[ \int_{III} \eta_S d\tau \right]_{t_0 + \Delta t}}{\Delta t}$$

$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{---} \quad (2)$$

$$- \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left[ \int_I \eta_S d\tau \right]_{t_0 + \Delta t}}{\Delta t}$$

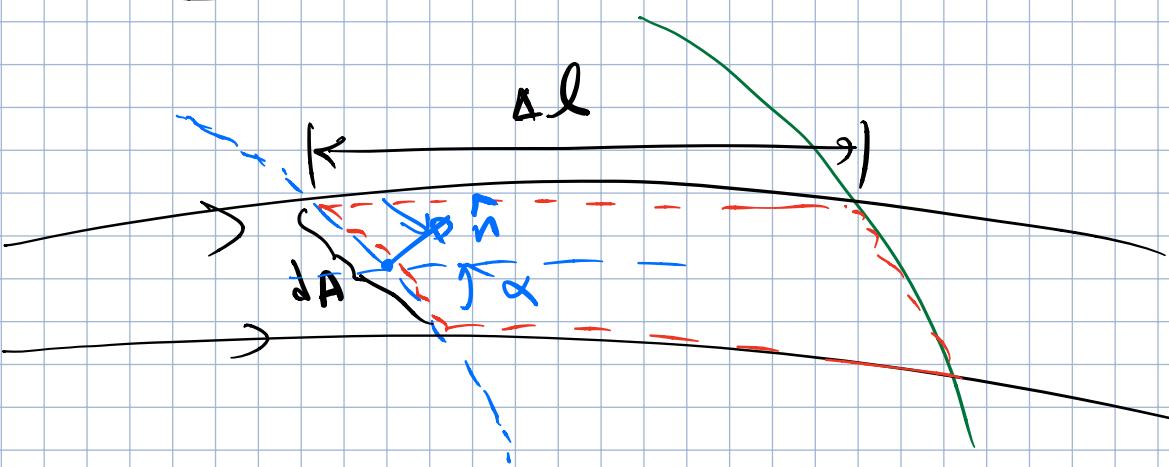
$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{---} \quad (3)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \frac{dN}{dt} \right|_{sys} = (1) + (2) - (3)$$

$$(1) = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{N_{C\#}|_{t_0 + \Delta t} - N_{C\#}|_{t_0}}{\Delta t} = \frac{\partial N_{C\#}}{\partial t}$$

$$\Delta t \rightarrow 0$$

$$= \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{C\#} \eta_S d\tau$$



$$d\tau = \Delta l \cdot dA \cdot \ln \alpha$$

$$\textcircled{2} = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\int_{C_{S_{III}}} \eta \tau d\tau}{\Delta t} \Big|_{t_0 + \Delta t}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\int_{C_{S_{III}}} \eta \tau \Delta l \ln \alpha \, dA}{\Delta t}$$

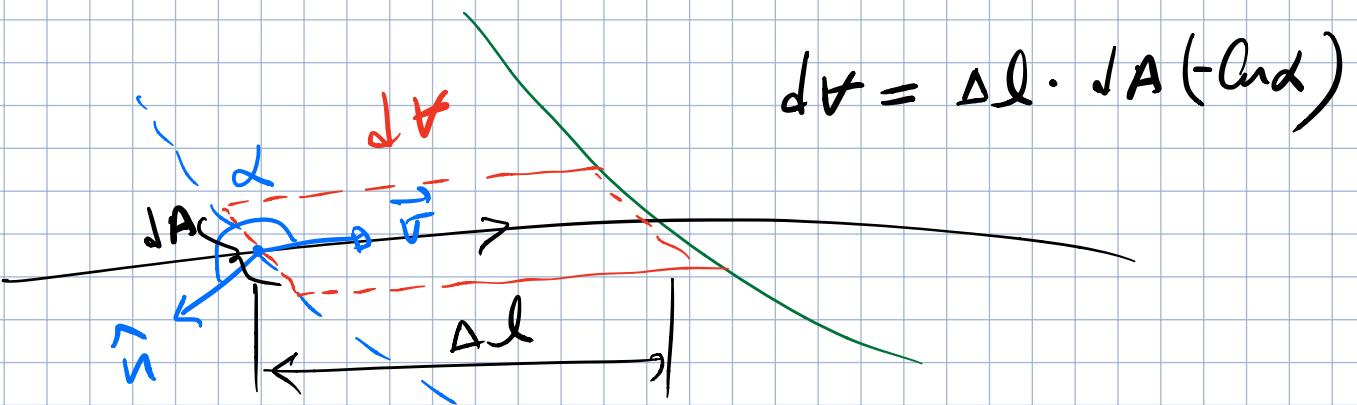
$$= \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \int_{C_{S_{III}}} \eta \tau \frac{\Delta l}{\Delta t} \ln \alpha \, dA$$

$$\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta l}{\Delta t} = |\vec{v}|$$

$$\textcircled{2} = \int_{C_{S_{III}}} \eta \tau |\vec{v}| \ln \alpha \, dA$$

$\underbrace{\vec{v} \cdot \hat{n}}$

$$\Rightarrow \textcircled{2} = \int_{C_{S_{III}}} \eta \tau \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} \, dA$$



$$d\tau = \Delta l \cdot \Delta A \text{ (-Lad)}$$

$$\Rightarrow ③ = \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\int_{CS_{II}} \gamma s \Delta l (-\text{Lad}) \Delta A}{\Delta t}$$

$$= - \lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \int_{CS_{II}} \gamma s \frac{\Delta l}{\Delta t} \text{Lad} \Delta A$$

$$= - \int_{CS_{II}} \gamma s \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} \Delta A$$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \frac{dN}{dt} \right|_{sys} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{CV} \gamma s d\tau + \int_{CS_{III}} \gamma s \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} \Delta A$$

$$- \left( - \int_{CS_I} \gamma s \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} \Delta A \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left. \frac{dN}{dt} \right|_{sys} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{CV} \gamma s d\tau + \int_{CS} \gamma s \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} \Delta A$$

مقدمة إلى الميكانيكا

قانون التكامل التكامل

$$N = M \quad , \quad \eta = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dM}{dt} \Big|_{\text{جهاز}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{Ct} \vec{f} dA + \int_{CS} \vec{f} \cdot \vec{n} dA$$

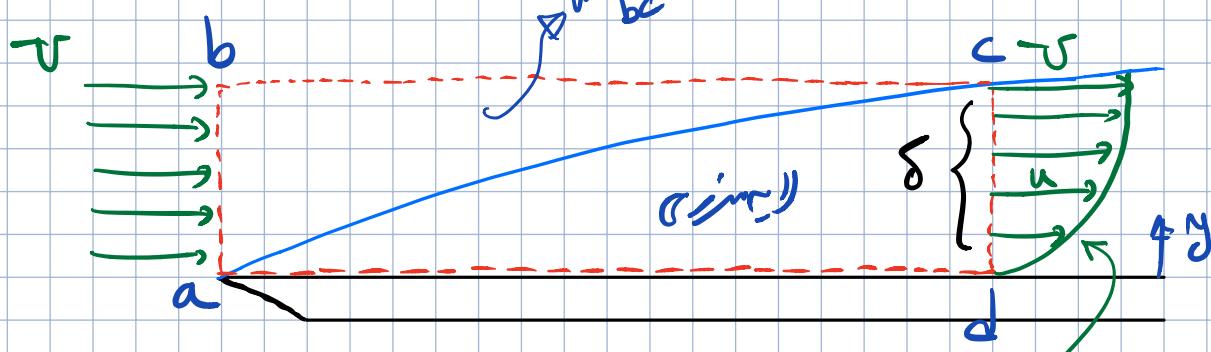
$$\Rightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{Ct} \vec{f} dA + \int_{CS} \vec{f} \cdot \vec{n} dA = 0$$

حالة مسوية

مثال: ما هي قوى بديلاً عن قوى لامبرت في تأثير قوى بروي في المنشآت  
لما ينبع قوى زنير راده شوارك - (انظر المقدمة في الفصل السادس)

ربما قد يصعبنا في تقطيع  $bc$  إلى جزئين. عرفنا أنهما يساويان

$$\omega_{bc}^1 = ? \quad \omega_{bc}^2 = ?$$



$$\rightarrow \frac{u}{v} = 2 \left( \frac{v}{d} \right) - \left( \frac{u}{d} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{Ct} \varphi dA + \int_{S_t} \varphi \vec{J} \cdot \vec{n} dA = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{A_{ab}} g \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} dA + \int_{A_{bc}} g \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} dA + \int_{A_{cd}} g \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} dA + \int_{A_{ad}} g \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} dA$$

$m_{ab}$        $m_{bc}$        $m_{cd}$        $m_{ad}$

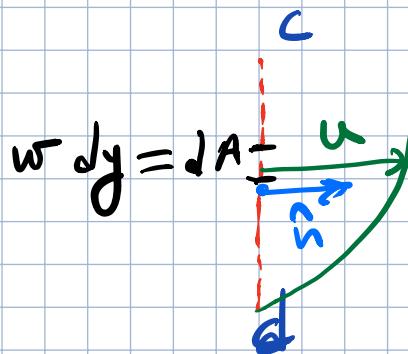
?      -



$$m_{ab} = \int_A \vec{v} \cdot \hat{n} \, dA$$

$$= -\int_{A_{ab}} \nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} \, dA = -\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A}_{ab}$$

$$\Rightarrow m_{ab} = -\mathfrak{f}^r \omega^s$$



$$\Rightarrow m_{cd} = \int_A \vec{g} \cdot \hat{v} \, dA$$

$$= \int_{\delta} u \, dA = \int_0^{\delta} w u \, dy$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{incd} = \text{fw} \int_{-5}^5 \left[ 2\left(\frac{y}{8}\right) - \left(\frac{y}{8}\right)^2 \right] dy$$

$$= \frac{2\gamma w \delta}{3}$$

$$\dot{m}_{bc} = -\dot{m}_{ab} - \dot{m}_{cd} = \frac{\gamma w \delta}{3}$$

